Operation



332078C

ΕN

633 Meter-Mix Dispense Systems

For metering, mixing, and dispensing of silicone material. For professional use only.

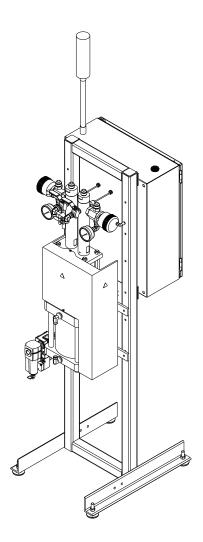
Not approved for use in explosive atmospheres or hazardous locations.



Important Safety Instructions Read all warnings and instructions in this manual. Save these instructions.

See page 3 for model information, including maximum working pressure and approvals.

If the visuals in the printed copy are unclear, refer to the electronic version available on www.graco.com.



Contents

Contents 2
Related Manuals 2
Models
Warnings 4
Component Identification7
Model 633 7
Model 633-SR657-1M-LR
General Information9
Pressure Settings 9
Solvents9
Screen Navigation 10
Screen Identification 18
Installation
Setup
Startup
Shutdown

Pressure Relief Procedure42
Manual Mode
Dispense Head Solenoid42
Bleed Valves 43
Operation
Testing Procedures44
Pump Testing 44
Troubleshooting 45
Calibrate Pressure Transducers45
Schematics 46
Dimensions 49
Model 633 49
Model 633-SR657-1M-LR
Technical Data51
Graco Standard Warranty 52
Graco Information 52

Related Manuals

Manual	Description
332354	633 Meter-Mix Dispense Systems, Repair-Parts
332079	SR657-1M-LR Meter-Mix Dispense Systems, Operation

Models

Part No.	Maximum Working Pressures psi (MPa, bar)	Description
633	3000 (21, 207)	PLC, Potentiometer Controlled, Fixed Ratio Meter Mix Dispense Sys- tem. Dispense System has proportional pneumatic control to provide automatic adjustment during material dispense.
633-SR657-1M-LR		PLC, Potentiometer Controlled, Fixed Ratio Meter Mix Dispense System mounted to a Pneumatic Controlled 1:1 to 2:1 Variable Ratio 55-Gallon Feed Machine. Dispense System has proportional pneumatic control to provide automatic adjustment during material dispense. Machine uses B442M Base Pumps. Machine has 6 in. (15 cm) ram air cylinders, Paral- lel Low-Rider frame with Shrouded Casters.

Warnings

The following warnings are for the setup, use, grounding, maintenance, and repair of this equipment. The exclamation point symbol alerts you to a general warning and the hazard symbols refer to procedure-specific risks. When these symbols appear in the body of this manual or on warning labels, refer back to these Warnings. Product-specific hazard symbols and warnings not covered in this section may appear throughout the body of this manual where applicable.

 ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD This equipment must be grounded. Improper grounding, setup, or usage of the system can cause electric shock. Turn off and disconnect power cord before servicing equipment. Connect only to grounded electrical outlets. Use only 3-wire extension cords. Ensure ground prongs are intact on power and extension cords. Do not expose to rain. Store indoors
 TOXIC FLUID OR FUMES HAZARD Toxic fluids or fumes can cause serious injury or death if splashed in the eyes or on skin, inhaled, or swallowed. Read MSDSs to know the specific hazards of the fluids you are using. Store hazardous fluid in approved containers, and dispose of it according to applicable guidelines. Always wear chemically impermeable gloves when spraying, dispensing, or cleaning equipment.
 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT Wear appropriate protective equipment when in the work area to help prevent serious injury, including eye injury, hearing loss, inhalation of toxic fumes, and burns. This protective equipment includes but is not limited to: Protective eyewear, and hearing protection. Respirators, protective clothing, and gloves as recommended by the fluid and solvent manufacturer
 SKIN INJECTION HAZARD High-pressure fluid from dispensing device, hose leaks, or ruptured components will pierce skin. This may look like just a cut, but it is a serious injury that can result in amputation. Get immediate surgical treatment. Engage trigger lock when not dispensing. Do not point dispensing device at anyone or at any part of the body. Do not put your hand over the fluid outlet. Do not stop or deflect leaks with your hand, body, glove, or rag. Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure when you stop dispensing and before cleaning, checking, or servicing equipment. Tighten all fluid connections before operating the equipment. Check hoses and couplings daily. Replace worn or damaged parts immediately

 FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD Flammable fumes, such as solvent and paint fumes, in work area can ignite or explode. To help prevent fire and explosion: Use equipment only in well ventilated area. Eliminate all ignition sources; such as pilot lights, cigarettes, portable electric lamps, and plastic drop cloths (potential static arc). Keep work area free of debris, including solvent, rags and gasoline. Do not plug or unplug power cords, or turn power or light switches on or off when flammable fumes are present. Ground all equipment in the work area. See Grounding instructions. Use only grounded hoses. Hold gun firmly to side of grounded pail when triggering into pail. Do not use pail liners unless they are antistatic or conductive. Stop operation immediately if static sparking occurs or you feel a shock. Do not use equipment until you identify and correct the problem. Keep a working fire extinguisher in the work area.
 EQUIPMENT MISUSE HAZARD Misuse can cause death or serious injury. Do not operate the unit when fatigued or under the influence of drugs or alcohol. Do not exceed the maximum working pressure or temperature rating of the lowest rated system component. See Technical Data in all equipment manuals. Use fluids and solvents that are compatible with equipment wetted parts. See Technical Data in all equipment manuals. Read fluid and solvent manufacturer's warnings. For complete information about your material, request MSDS from distributor or retailer. Turn off all equipment and follow the Pressure Relief Procedure when equipment is not in use. Check equipment daily. Repair or replace worn or damaged parts immediately with genuine manufacturer's replacement parts only. Do not alter or modify equipment. Alterations or modifications may void agency approvals and create safety hazards. Make sure all equipment is rated and approved for the environment in which you are using it. Use equipment only for its intended purpose. Call your distributor for information. Route hoses and cables away from traffic areas, sharp edges, moving parts, and hot surfaces. Do not kink or over bend hoses or use hoses to pull equipment. Keep children and animals away from work area. Comply with all applicable safety regulations.



MOVING PARTS HAZARD

Moving parts can pinch, cut or amputate fingers and other body parts.

- Keep clear of moving parts.
- Do not operate equipment with protective guards or covers removed.
- Pressurized equipment can start without warning. Before checking, moving, or servicing equipment, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** and disconnect all power sources.

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SPLATTER HAZARD

Hot or toxic fluid can cause serious injury if splashed in the eyes or on skin. During blow off of platen, splatter may occur.

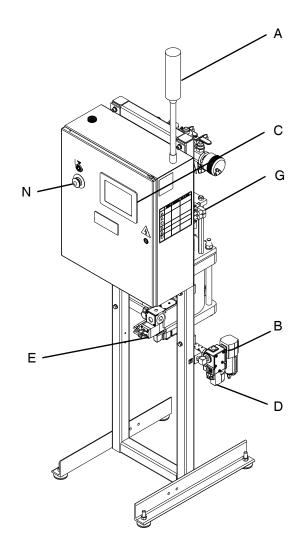
Use minimum air pressure when removing platen from drum.

Component Identification

Model 633

- A Stack Light Indicator
 - (Red = Fault, Amber = Pump Started)
- B Air Inlet
- C Operator Interface Panel
- D Main Air Solenoid
- E Automatic Pressure Regulator and Air Motor Solenoids
- F Cylinder Pressure Transducer

- G Refill Solenoid
- J Bleed Ball Valve
- K Refill Valve
- L Feed Pressure Gauge
- M Pump Linear Position
- N Stop Button



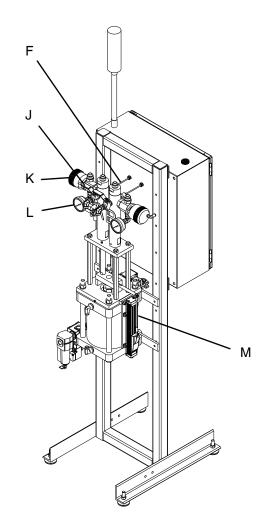


FIG. 1: 633

Model 633-SR657-1M-LR

- Stack Light Indicator А
- (Red = Fault, Amber = Pump Started) в Air Inlet
- С **Operator Interface Panel**
- D Main Air Solenoid

Δ

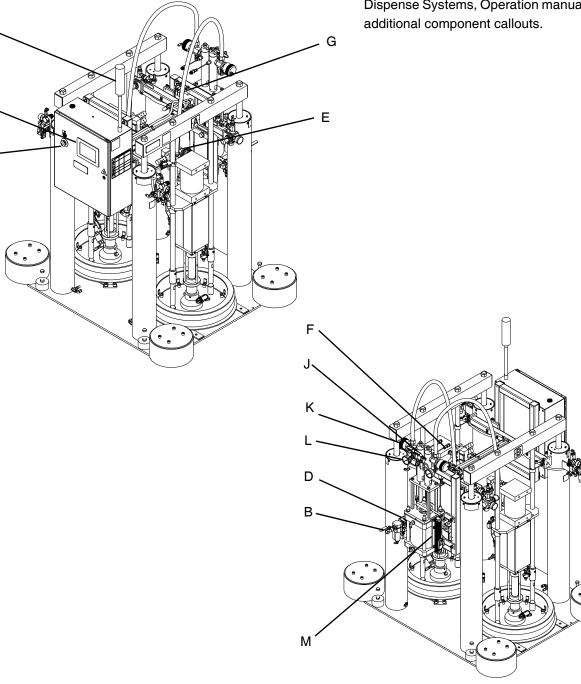
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- Е Automatic Pressure Regulator and Air Motor Solenoids
- F Cylinder Pressure Transducer

- G **Refill Solenoid**
- Bleed Ball Valve J
- Κ Refill Valve
- L Feed Pressure Gauge
- **Pump Linear Position** М
- Ν Stop Button

Refer to the SR657-1M-LR Meter-Mix Dispense Systems, Operation manual for



General Information

Pressure Settings

All pressure settings are controlled through the Operator Interface Panel. Refer to **Screen 2**, page 27, to set the feed station pressure.

NOTICE

To avoid machine damage, do not exceed 120 psi (0.8 MPa, 8.3 bar) air pressure at the machine inlet.

Fluid Pressure Gauges

All A and B material pressure gauges should read the same as each other during normal operation of the machine.

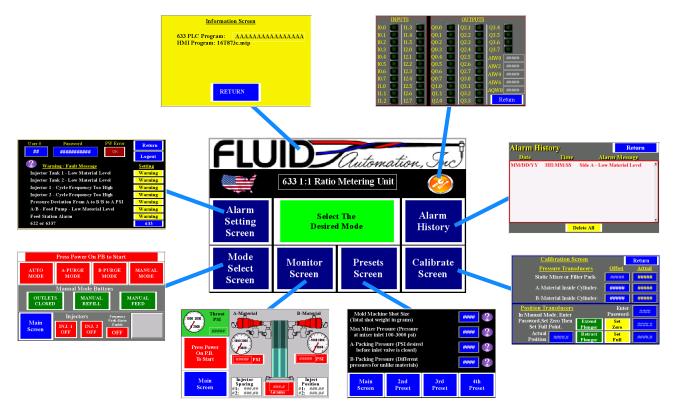
Solvents

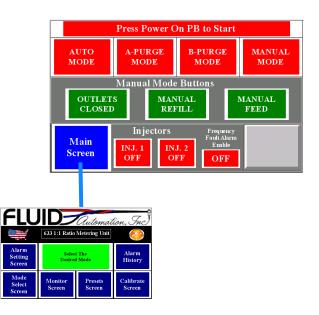
These are rarely used with modern 1:1 silicones. For cleaning, methylene chloride or white spirits solvent are used. Methylene chloride is recommended because it is non-flammable.

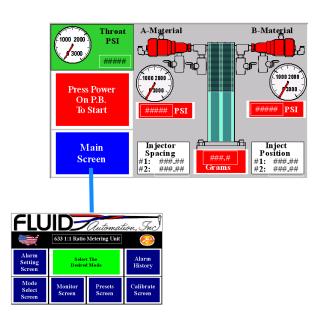


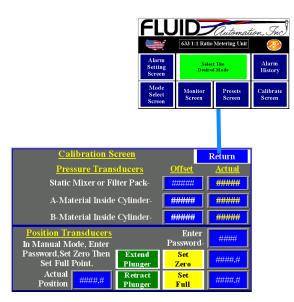
To avoid serious injury, do not use flammable solvents for cleaning.

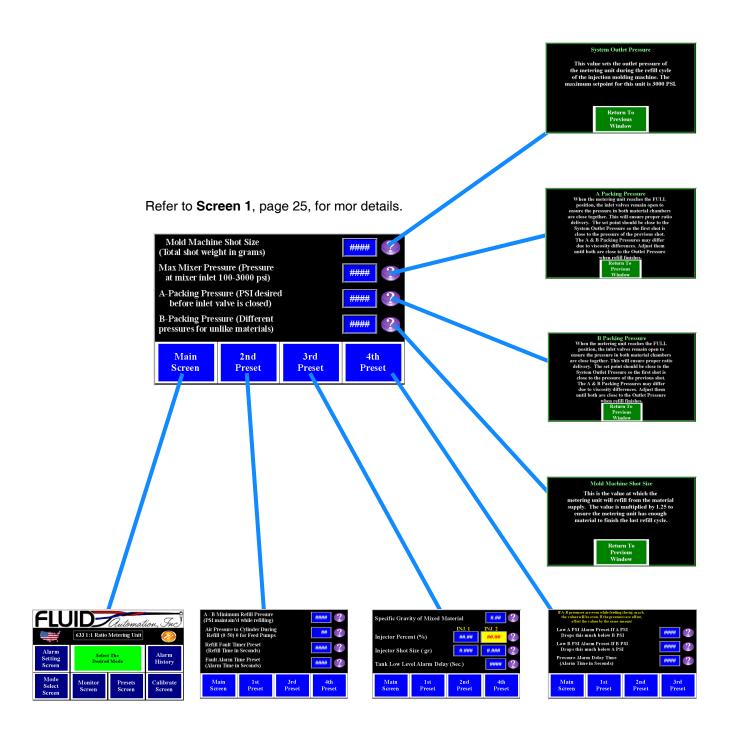
Screen Navigation

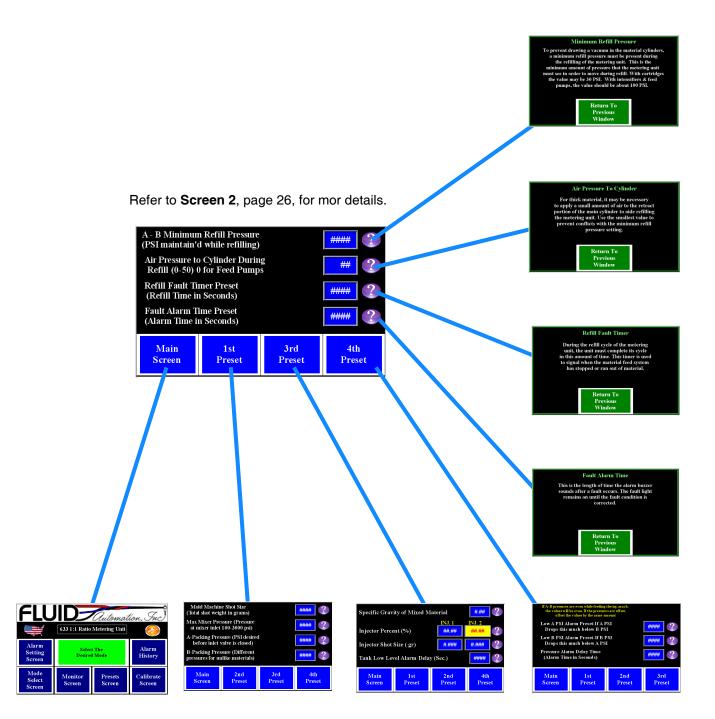


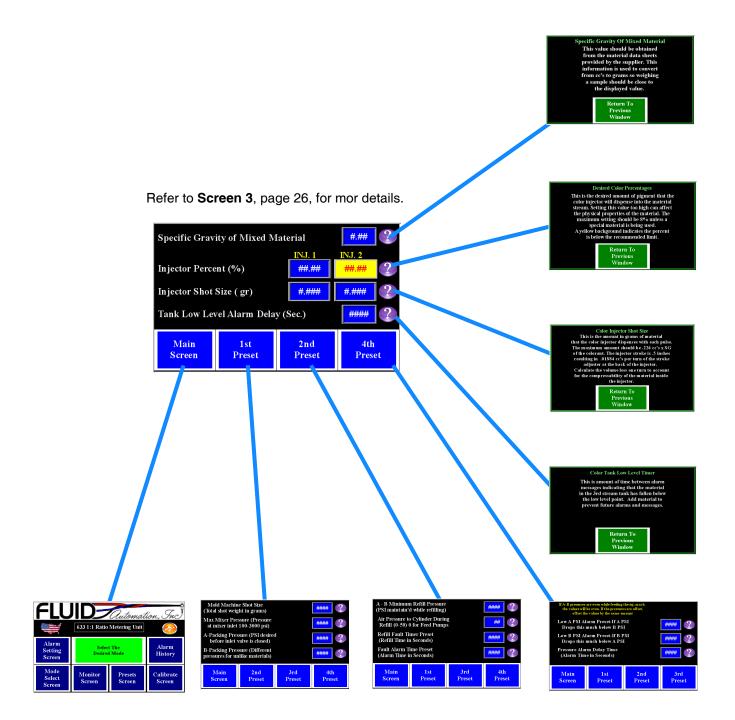


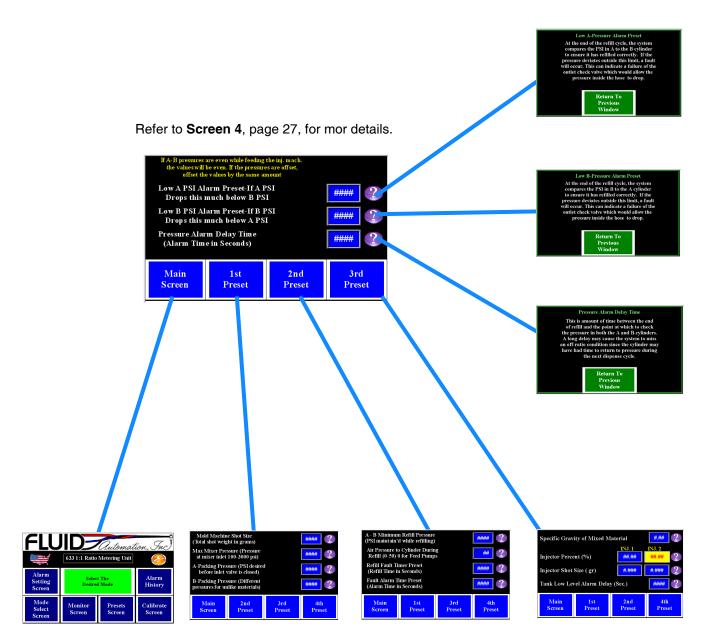


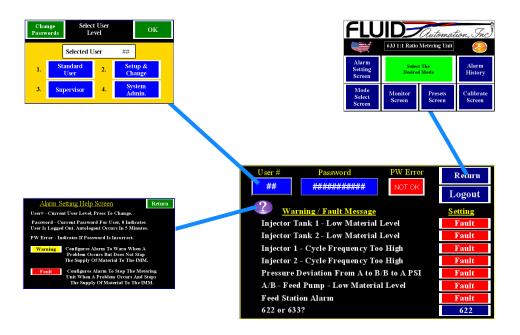


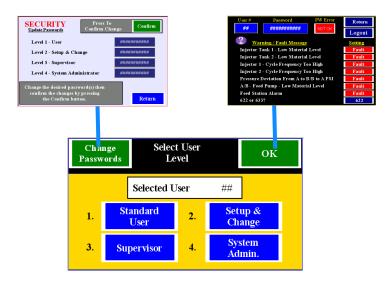












Screen Identification

Main Screen

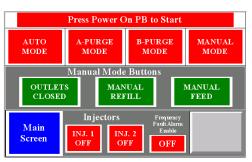


This is the default screen that shows up when the machine is powered on. It shows the current state of the machine and navigates to all screens related to setup and running.

lcon	Description
Select The Desired Mode	Shows the current mode of the machine.
Mode Select Screen	Navigates to the screen where the user can select the mode to run the machine.
Monitor Screen	Navigates to a screen showing:
	All pressures being monitored on the machine
	Grams remaining in the Cylinder
	The color injector spacing
	The next color injection point
Presets Screen	Navigates to screens that allow configuration of the machine.
	Pressure Setpoints
	Refill Setpoints
	Pressure Thresholds for Alarms
	Color Injection Parameters

lcon	Description
Calibrate Screen	Navigates to a screen allowing calibration of:
	Pressure Transducers
	Cylinder Linear Position Sensor
Alarm Setting Screen	Navigates to a screen allowing the user to select if a condition is either a Warning (keeps the machine running) or a Fault (stops dispensing).
Alarm History	Navigates to a screen showing the history of alarms that have occurred.
	Navigates to a screen showing what IO is currently active.
FLUID Automation, Inc)	Navigates to a screen showing the software part number and version installed on the machine.

Mode Select Screen



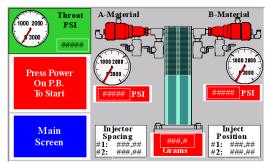
The Mode Select Screen is used for the following:

- Select the mode to operate the machine in.
- Turn color injectors on or off.
- Enable/Disable Frequency Fault Alarms.

lcon	Description
AUTO MODE	This mode allows the machine to operate in a fully automatic mode. It waits for a signal from the press to begin dispensing material. It will dispense as long as the "Screw Rotate Signal" is present and there is material left in the cylinders. Once the cylinder reaches a pre-determined refill point, it will begin refilling. The screw rotate signal must turn off first before the machine will check if it requires refilling.
A-PURGE MODE	This Purges A-Material through the system by applying air to the feed cylinders, opening the refill valve, and the "A" outlet valve. The purge process continues as long as the "Screw Rotate Signal" is active. NOTE: Before resuming normal operation using a mold, be sure to run enough material through the
	unit in Auto Mode that it begins to cure.
B-FURGE MODE	This purges B-Material through the system by applying air to the feed cylinders, opening the refill valve, and the "B" outlet valve. The purge process continues as long as the "Screw Rotate Signal" is active.
	NOTE: Before resuming normal operation using a mold, be sure to run enough material through the unit in Auto Mode that it begins to cure.
MANUAL MODE	Allows the operator to fully control the unit through the use of buttons on the operator interface.

lcon	Description
OUTLETS CLOSED	"Outlets Closed" is the default state. It allows the button to open during a "Manual Feed". Toggling the button to "Outlets Open" keeps the outlet valve open at all times - even during a refill.
MANUAL REFILL	The unit will refill the pump cylinders while this button is pressed. Letting go of the button mid-refill will cause the machine to stop refilling.
MANUAL FEED	Begins a Manual Feed cycle. This will continue until either the cylinder reaches the end, or a "Man- ual Refill" is initiated.
Injectors INJ. 1 OFF OFF	Turns each injector On or Off.
Frequency Fault Alarm Enable OFF	Enables or disables frequency faults for the color injectors. It can also occur if the injector is activat- ing faster than it could reload.

Monitor Screen



The Monitor Screen shows the vitals of the system at a glance. It indicates how much material remains in the pump and what pressures are in the system. If color injection is enabled, it shows the injection interval and when the next injection will occur.

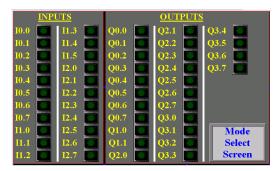
Icon	Description
1000 2000 1000 2000 1000 1000 2000 1000 2000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000	Amount of pressure in the Throat or Mix portion of the unit.
Press Power On P.B. To Start	Shows the current mode of the machine.
Carlor Carlor	Animation of the refill valve. The default color is red - indicating that it is closed. It turns green when the valve is opened.
1000 2000 2000 ###### PSI	Indicates the pressure in each cylinder of the unit.
###.# Grams	Indicates how much material is remaining in the cylinder
In jector Spacing #1: ###.## #2: ###.##	Indicates how many grams the unit will dispense between color injections.
Inject Position #1: ###.## #2: ###.##	Indicates the next time a color injection will be made. It corresponds with the readout indicating how many grams remain in the cylinder.

Alarm History Screen



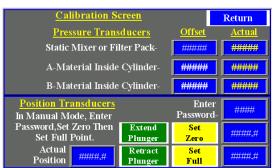
Shows a history of the alarms generated by the unit.

System IO Screen



Shows what inputs and outputs are active on the unit.

Calibration Screen

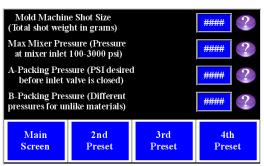


The calibration screen allows the user to adjust any sensor on the system that appears to be out of calibration. The top half of the screen is for pressure transducers and the bottom half is for the position sensor of the pump.

lcon	Description	
Offset Actual ####### #######	Configuring pressure transducers on the unit. The "Actual" is a read only field and the "Offset" is user editable. Refer to Calibrate Pressure Transducers , page 45.	
Actual Position #######	Indicates the actual position of the pump.	
Enter Password-	Calibration of the plunger position is password protected. Enter the password here. After 5 minutes of inactivity, the unit will automatically log out. The default password is 3717.	
Extend Plunger Zero	Buttons are to be used in "Manual Mode" and are password protected. "Extend Plunger" will open the dispense valve and extend the plunger all the way. Once this is extended, press the "Set Zero" button.	
Retract Plunger Full	Buttons are to be used in "Manual Mode" and are password protected. "Retract Plunger" will refill the pump. Once the plunger has stopped moving, press the "Set Full" button.	

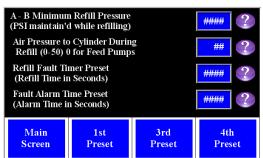
Presets Screen

Screen 1



Icon	Description	
Mold Machine Shot Size (Total shot weight in grams)	The total shot volume of the 633 machine is 150 cc's. The value in this field indicates how much material is required to fill the mold in the press. If there is not enough material left in the cylinders to fill the mold, the machine will trigger a refill.	
	NOTE: The unit will not perform a refill during mid-dispense if a user enters a value greater than the capacity of the metering unit. If the metering unit runs out of material during a dispense, it will not refill until the "screw rotate signal" turns off.	
Max Mixer Pressure (Pressure at mixer inlet 100-3000 psi)	The unit monitors the pressure before the material enters the hoses and makes adjustments to maintain this pressure.	
	NOTE: There may be a pressure drop at the outlet of the mixer.	
A-Packing Pressure (PSI desired before inlet valve is closed) B-Packing Pressure (Different pressures for unlike materials)	because the material is compressible. This insures that the unit has been refilled and it has reached the fill point, which is 2 cc's less than the maximum position point. If this pressure	
	The higher viscosity material will require a higher packing pressure. Monitor cylinder pres- sures during the dispense process and adjust this and the feed station pressures accord- ingly.	

Screen 2



lcon	Description
A - B Minimum Refill Pressure (PSI maintain'd while refilling)	Minimum pressure must be present on both the A and B cylinders during refill. The cylinders will stop refilling until the pressure rises above this set point.
Air Pressure to Cylinder During Refill (0-50) 0 for Feed Pumps	Amount of pressure that is supplied to the pump to assist in refill. It may cause the material to dip below the "A - B Min Refill Pressure" if the pressure is too high. If the metering is being fed with feed pumps, set this value to "0".
Refill Fault Timer Preset (Refill Time in Seconds)	Amount of time the unit is allotted to refill the cylinders. An alarm will sound and the machine will stop refilling if the unit takes longer to refill.
Fault Alarm Time Preset (Alarm Time in Seconds)	Amount of time the buzzer is on during a fault.

Screen 3

Specific Gravity of Mixed Material			#.## ?
Injector Perce	ent (%)	INJ. 1 ##.##	INU. 2 ##.## ?
Injector Shot Size (gr)		#.###	#.###
Tank Low Lev	vel Alarm Dela	y (Sec.)	##### ?
Main Screen	1st Preset	2nd Preset	4th Preset

lcon	Description
Specific Gravity of Mixed Material	Specific gravity of the mixed material can be obtained from the material supplier.
	If the specific gravity of the material is not known, 1.0 is a default value.
Injector Percent (%)	Percent of color to be injected with the amount of material being dispensed. There are separate editable boxes for colors 1 and 2. The field will turn yellow if the entered value is too small.
Injector Shot Size (gr)	Size of the shot being dispensed by each color injector. The shot size is adjustable mechan- ically and each shot size should be testes individually. Refer to Adjust the Colorant Injector Shot Size , page 38.
Tank Low Level Alarm Delay (Sec.)	Amount of time the unit must detect a low level condition in the colorant tank before it sounds an alarm. (Optional)

Screen 4



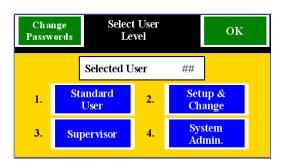
lcon	Description
Drops this much below B PSI	Both material pressures are being monitored during the refill and dispense cycles of the machine. If the one component material pressure drops below the other component material pressure by X amount, the machine will alert the user.
Pressure Alarm Delay Time (Alarm Time in Seconds)	This is the amount of time before the alarm is checked after the refill done bit activates. It allows the data in the analog unit to stabilize prior to checking for a fault.

Alarm Setting Screen

User #	Password	PW Error	Return
##	#######################################	NOT OK	Logout
? <u>Warr</u>	ning / Fault Message		Setting
Injector Ta	ank 1 - Low Materia	l Level	Fault
Injector Tank 2 - Low Material Level		Fault	
Injector 1 - Cycle Frequency Too High		Fault	
Injector 2 - Cycle Frequency Too High		Fault	
Pressure Deviation From A to B/B to A PSI		Fault	
A/B – Feed Pump – Low Material Level		Fault	
Feed Station Alarm		Fault	
622 or 633	?		622

Icon	Description	
Warning Fault	Conditions listed above can be configured as a "Warning" or a "Fault" condition by User #4 (Refer to Select User Level Screen , page 29). Touching the "Warning"/"Fault" text will tog- gle the condition.	
	A "Warning" will generate a screen describing a condition and sound an alarm - the machine will continue to dispense.	
	A "Fault" will generate the same screen for the condition, but will stop any dispense that is in progress. No further dispenses will be allowed until the condition is corrected.	
User # ##	Unit can have 4 levels of users that can log into it. Touching this field will navigate to another screen where one can choose the level they want to operate at.	
Password ####################################	The login process is completed by entering the password into this field.	
Logout	Logs the user out of the system. The user will also be logged out after 5 minutes of inactivity on the operator interface.	
PW Error PW Error OK NOT OK	If the correct password is entered, this field will say "OK". If the wrong password is entered, it will say "NOT OK".	
622 633	Toggles between the 622 and 633 series machines. Make sure this is displaying the right model number for the machine it is installed on. The machine model number can be located on a tag riveted to the front of the control panel.	

Select User Level Screen



This screen is accessible through the "Alarm Setting Screen". It selects user levels and allows the "System Admin." to change passwords.

User Level	Description	Default Password
Level 1 - User	Not Currently Used.	1970
Level 2 - Setup & Change	Not Currently Used.	1971
Level 3 - Supervisor	Not Currently Used.	1972
Level 4 - System Administrator	Changes Passwords & Warning/Fault Levels.	1973

Security - Update Passwords Screen

SECURITY Update Passwords Confirm C	Confirm
Level 1 - User	*****
Level 2 - Setup & Change	******
Level 3 - Supervisor	******
Level 4 - System Administrator	<i>#####################################</i>
Change the desired password(s) then confirm the changes by pressing the Confirm button.	Return

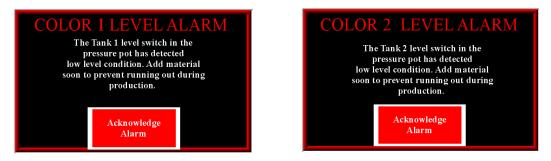
This screen is only accessible by User Level 4 when they are logged in.

lcon	Description
########### #	The current password is displayed here. To change the password, touch the field. When finished, press the "Confirm" button.
Confirm	New passwords are not official until the "Confirm" button is pressed. Pressing the return button before "Confirm" will cancel the changes.
Level 1 - User	Not Currently Used.
Level 2 - Setup & Change	Not Currently Used.
Level 3 - Supervisor	Not Currently Used.
Level 4 - System Administrator	Changes Passwords & Warning/Fault Levels.

Warning and Alarms Screens



Refer to the Calibration section of the manual for details on calibrating the pressure transducers and the position sensor of the pump.



If equipped with a material level sensor on the color reservoir, the warning will indicate that the material level is low. If the warning has never been generated before the machine runs out of colorant, the low level sensor may need to be recalibrated.

This event may be configured as an Alert or a Warning on the Alarm Setting Screen. A warning will allow the machine to keep dispensing; an alert will stop and prevent dispensing until the tank is filled.

Recalibration: With the material empty, press the "Empty" switch on the low level sensor. Refer to the low level sensor manual that was provided with the machine to ensure the correct switch is pressed.



These screens indicate that the machine was not able to refill its plungers properly. The likely cause for this is the feed system was not able to provide material. It is detected by monitoring the pressure in each cylinder during a refill. If installed, refer to the SR657-1M-LR Meter-Mix Dispense Systems-Operation manual for additional details.

This event may be configured as an Alert or a Warning on the Alarm Setting Screen. A warning will allow the machine to keep dispensing; an alert will stop and prevent dispensing until the tank is filled.



The pressure in the metering unit cylinder is below the expected value. Verify the following:

- Be out of material.
- Have an open valve.
- Have a bad plunger seal.
- Have a bad cylinder check valve.



This indicates that the unit could not fill its plungers completely. Verify the following:

- Verify the feed system is functioning and providing enough pressure. If installed, refer to the SR657-1M-LR Meter-Mix Dispense Systems-Operation manual for additional details.
- The A-B Minimum Refill Pressure on Preset Screen 2 is reasonable.
- Air Pressure To Cylinder on Preset Screen 2 may need to be increased.
- The Refill Fault Timer on Preset Screen 2 may need to be increased.



This indicates that the feed unit could not provide enough pressure during refill.

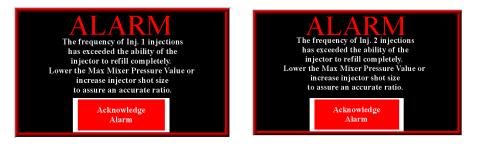
- Verify that it is functioning properly and is providing enough pressure to the unit. If installed, refer to the SR657-1M-LR Meter-Mix Dispense Systems-Operation manual for additional details.
- Verify that a reasonable Packing Pressure has been selected on Preset Screen 1.
- Verify the Refill Fault Timer on Preset Screen 2 provides enough time for refill. Refer to **Calibrate Pressure Transducers**, page 45.



The feed station has indicated that it requires attention. This indicates that it may no longer be able to supply material to the metering unit. Refer to the feed station manual and check if there is sufficient material in it.



These warnings indicate that the combination of the shot size and the injection percent will result in inconsistent mixture in the material. This can be fixed by decreasing the shot size of the injector. This will cause it to inject material more often.



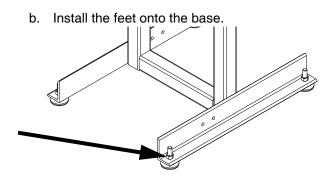
The color injector is designed to dispense the entire contents in about 0.2 seconds. This depends on the air pressure supplied to the color injector. The refill time is approximately the same as the dispense time. It also relies upon the air pressure supplied to the unit. The message will be generated when a shot size is too small. Refer to **Adjust the Colorant Injector Shot Size**, page 38.

Installation

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1. Locate and Secure the Machine

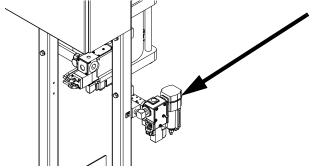
a. Move the machine to a desired location.



c. Level the machine by adjusting the height of the feet.

2. Connect the Air Source

a. Connect air to the air assembly.



3. Ground the System.



The equipment must be grounded to reduce the risk of static sparking. Static sparking can cause fumes to ignite or explode. Grounding provides an escape wire for the electric current.

- a. 633: grounded through power cord. The machine is shipped with a North American style, 3 prong, 120 VAC plug.
- b. Dispense Valve: follow your local code.
- c. Fluid Supply Containers: follow your local code.
- d. *Dispensing target/container*. follow your local code.
- e. *To maintain grounding continuity when flushing or relieving pressure*, hold a grounded *metal* pail firmly to a metal part of the dispense valve, then initiate dispense.

4. Connect the Screw Rotate Signal.

a. Refer to **Schematics**, page 46, for screw rotate signal connections.

NOTE: The screw rotate signal tells the machine when to dispense material.

5. Fill the Colorant Tank and Prime the Color Injector (Optional)

- a. Reduce the air pressure supplied to the Colorant Tank by turning the regulator on top of the tank in a counter-clockwise direction. Continue to turn the regulator until the Tank Pressure gauge indicates 0 psi.
- b. Lift the pressure relief ring at the top of the tank before removing four screws or unscrewing the clamps that hold the Tank Cover in place.



- Lift the cover off and lubricate or glue (using RTV) the o-ring located in the groove on the bottom of the cover.
- d. Lift the colorant platen out of the tank if it is installed. In some applications it might not be used. (See **Solvents**, page 9).
- e. Stir the pigment to the manufacturer requirements.
- f. Pour or scoop the colorant into the Colorant Tank, filling it to the desired level. When filling the tank, leave room for the platen if being used.
- g. Place the platen, if needed, on top of the colorant with the head of the screw facing up.
- h. Place the Colorant Tank Cover back on the tank. Be sure to seat the o-ring into the groove before tightening the screws or clamps.

 Adjust the Colorant Tank Regulator to the desired pressure. For 2000 centipoise colorant, 50 psi (345 kPa, 3.4 bar) should be sufficient.

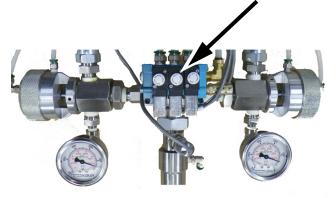


To avoid machine damage and serious injury, do not allow the colorant tank pressure to exceed 110 psi (0.8 MPa, 8 bar).

j. Attach the color line to the color injector using the quick disconnect. The disconnect has check mechanisms on both sides to prevent colorant for pouring out when not attached.

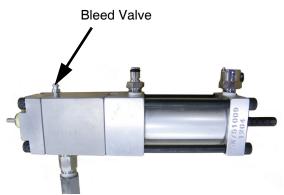


k. Press and turn the manual actuator on the color injector solenoid to move the piston inside the injector to the inject position. Any air bubbles that may be trapped inside the color injector to the bleed port will be forced out.



- I. Place a clear, 1/4 x 12 in. (0.6 x 31 cm) tube over the bleed valve to allow a visual of the purging process.
- m. Open the bleed valve and purge any air from the injector when the color injector bleed valve

is facing sideways or even slightly up to remove all the trapped air.



- n. Close the bleed valve when it appears that all of the air has been purged.
- o. Unlock the manual actuator on the color injector solenoid to return the injector to the proper state.

NOTICE

Failure to unlock the manual actuator will cause the injector not to refill and color will not be dispensed.

p. Cycle the injector.

6. Connect Feed Station

If installed, refer to the SR657-1M-LR Meter-Mix Dispense Systems-Operation manual for additional details.

- a. Prepare the feed station by following all procedures for loading material and priming the pumps.
- b. Connect a feed hose to the material side A of the feed station. Perform the procedure for priming the hose of the feed station.
- c. Connect the material side A hose to the A side of the 633 unit.
- d. Perform steps a through c for the B side hose and connections.

Setup

1. Set the Material Specific Gravity

- a. Navigate to the "Calibration Screen" from the "Main Screen".
- b. Using the specific gravity data from the material manufacturer, enter the data in the column labeled "S.G.".

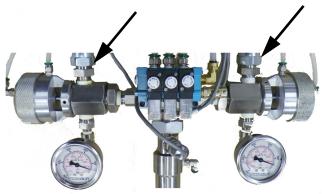
2. Prime Pumps and Material Line Connections

Once the feed system pumps and lines have been primed and connected to the metering unit, it is time to prime the metering unit pumps and material supply lines.

Purging through each hose individually.

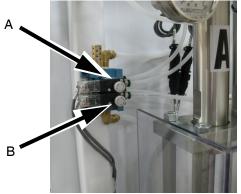
- a. Put the machine into "Manual Mode" and empty the unit by pressing the "Manual Feed" button.
- b. Perform Pressure Relief Procedure, page 42.
- Disconnect material line A from the Outlet Valve on the dispense manifold. Place a waste container under the line to collect material that will be pumped through it.

NOTE: Failure to prime pumps and hoses will result in air entrapment in the material and will produce bad products.



d. Turn the feed pumps on and set the air pressure to 10 psi (70 kPa, 0.7 bar). Adjust pressure as needed.

e. Prime Metering Cylinder and Material Supply Line by pressing the Inlet Valve A solenoid button located on the machine frame. Purge until it appears that no air is remaining in the hose.



- f. Connect and tighten the hose back on the Outlet valve located on the dispense manifold.
- g. Repeat steps b through f for the B side.

Purging through the Manifold and Mixer Assembly.

- a. Verify the Screw Rotate Signal is in the low state.
- b. Disengage the rotation screw assembly with the static mixer assembly from the press.
- Manually refill the metering unit by holding the "Manual Refill" button on the "Mode Select Screen".
- d. Press the "Manual Feed" button, and dispense into a waste container. Repeat the refill and feed process until material cures properly.

NOTICE

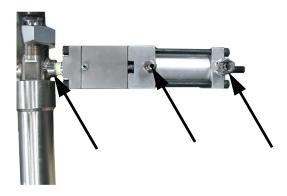
To avoid machine damage, do not cycle the screw without any lubrication. Refer to press manufacturer procedures for more detail.

- e. Press the stop button.
- f. Engage the rotation screw assembly with the static mixer assembly from the press.

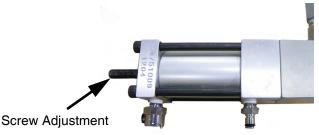
3. Adjust the Colorant Injector Shot Size

To properly deliver the correct percentage of colorant to the "A" and "B" material streams, the color injector must be set correctly. Use these procedures to correctly set the "Color Injector Shot Size" on the "Preset Screen".

- a. Perform Pressure Relief Procedure, page 42.
- b. Disconnect the color injector from the manifold assembly.



- c. Set the desired stroke length on the injector using the following information:
- Color Injector Maximum Shot Size 0.226 cc's
- Volume per turn of the adj. Screw 0.01884 cc's
- Number of turns maximum 12



d. Set the shot as large as possible to prevent air from interfering with the injectors performance.

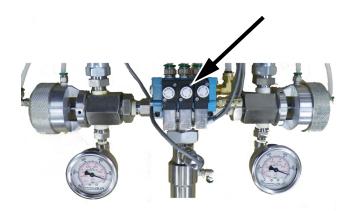
NOTE: No material will flow until about 3/4 to 1 turn of the screw because of the check mechanism inside the injector.

e. Prime the injector.

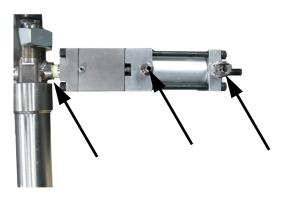
f. Collect a sample of 20 cycles into a tare weighed cup using the manual actuator on the color injector solenoid valve.



To avoid serious injury and machine damage, the color injector control valve should not be set beyond 100 psi (0.7 MPA, 7 bar).



- g. Weigh the cup and subtract the tare weight.
- h. Divide the sample by the number of times the actuator was pressed.
- i. Enter the actual value of the shot volume into the "Color Injector Shot Size" variable on the "Preset Screen".
- j. Connect the color injector to the manifold assembly.



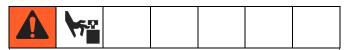
k. Prime the injector.

4. Adjust the Feed Station Pressure

Refer to the SR657-1M-LR Meter-Mix Dispense Systems-Operation manual for additional details.

- a. Monitor the pressures in the individual cylinders during a dispense.
- b. Set the "Packing Pressures" on the "Preset Screen" to the pressures monitored in the previous step.
- c. Set the feed station material pressure to 50-100 psi (345 kPa 0.7 MPa, 3.4-7 bar) higher than the pressures monitored in step a.

Startup



Moving parts can pinch or amputate fingers. When the pump is operating and when raising or lowering the pail shelf, keep fingers and hands away from the pump intake, platen, pail shelf, and lip of the pail.

Once the **Setup** procedures have been accomplished, the machine is ready to run. Make certain that all material lines are connected, fittings are tight to prevent leaking, and all manual overrides are in the unlocked position.

To start the machine:

- 1. Make sure the feed system is in a ready state and is pressurized.
- 2. Reset the Stop Button if it had been pressed.
- 3. Press the control power button.
- 4. Select the desired mode.

NOTE: Typical operation is "Auto Mode".

Shutdown

|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

Short Term

Perform the procedure if the machine will be left idle less than the pot life of the material.

- 1. Perform the necessary shutdown procedure on the feed system.
- 2. Perform Pressure Relief Procedure, page 42.
- 3. Press the stop button on the front of the machine.
- 4. Leave the water cooling circuit running during machine idle times.

NOTICE

Machine damage may occur from the mixed material if left idle more than the pot life of the material. Refer to **Long Term Shutdown** if machine will be left idle more than the pot life of the material.

Long Term

Perform the procedure if the machine will be left idle more than the pot life of the material.

- 1. Perform Short Term Shutdown procedure.
- 2. Remove all assemblies that contain mixed material and clean those components.

Pressure Relief Procedure



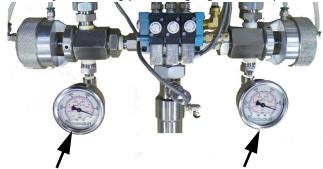
This equipment stays pressurized until pressure is manually relieved. To help prevent serious injury from pressurized fluid, such as skin injection, splashing fluid and moving parts, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure when you stop spraying and before cleaning, checking, or servicing the equipment.

There are three ways to relieve pressure of the system.

Manual Mode

Perform the procedure through the Operator Interface Panel.

- 1. Enter into "Manual" mode from the "Mode Select" screen.
- 2. Toggle the "Outputs Closed" button so that "Outputs Open" is displayed. This will open the material valves and allow the machine to relieve pressure.
- 3. Press the Stop button once the pressure has been relieved.
- 4. Verify the analog pressure gauge reads 0 psi.



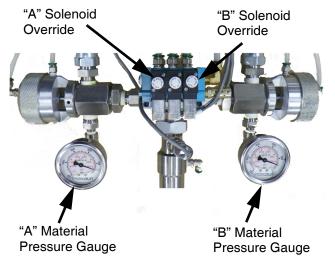
"A" Material Pressure Gauge

"B" Material Pressure Gauge

Dispense Head Solenoid

Perform the procedure mechanically and if the dispense head can flow material freely.

- 1. Press and hold the solenoid override button to open the dispense valve for the "A" material side.
- 2. Release the solenoid override button once the analog pressure gauge reads 0 psi.
- 3. Repeat steps 1 through 2 for the "B" material side.



4. Press the Stop button.

Bleed Valves

Perform the procedure mechanically and if the dispense head is plugged or there is no air to actuate the dispense head solenoid.

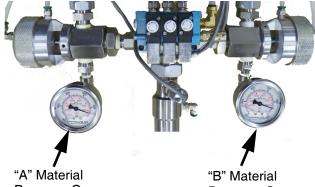
Refer to the SR657-1M-LR Meter-Mix Dispense Systems, Operation manual for additional component callouts.

- 1. Press the stop button on the front of the machine.
- 2. Place a waste container below each Bleed Ball Valve.
- 3. Open both Material Ball Valves.



In the following step, any pressure in the lines will be instantly relieved if no obstructions are within the lines. This may lead to material spraying out of the valve and splashing in the bucket. Use appropriate protective wear to prevent contact with materials.

- 4. Open the "A" Bleed Ball Valve. Residual pressure will be relieved in the fluid lines between the pump and the check valve.
- 5. Verify the analog pressure gauge reads 0 psi.



Pressure Gauge

Pressure Gauge

6. Repeat for the "B" Pump Bleed Valve.

Operation

Normal operation of the machine will take place in "Auto Mode." The metering unit will wait for a "screw rotate signal" from the press or factory automation to start dispensing material.

Testing Procedures



Pump Testing

If the machine is suspected of pumping inaccurately, follow these procedures to check each pump.

At normal operating pressure, test if the pump is leaking inside, which will cause one pump to run at a higher pressure than the other. Follow these steps.

- 1. Enter into "Auto Mode" and verify the machine performs a refill.
- 2. Navigate to the "Monitor" screen and observe the material pressures after the fill valves close.

NOTE: If the pressure on either side drops by 100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7 bar) or more, the pump may be leaking internally. Refer to **Troubleshooting**, page 45, for possible solutions to pump leakage.

Troubleshooting



Before performing any troubleshooting procedure:

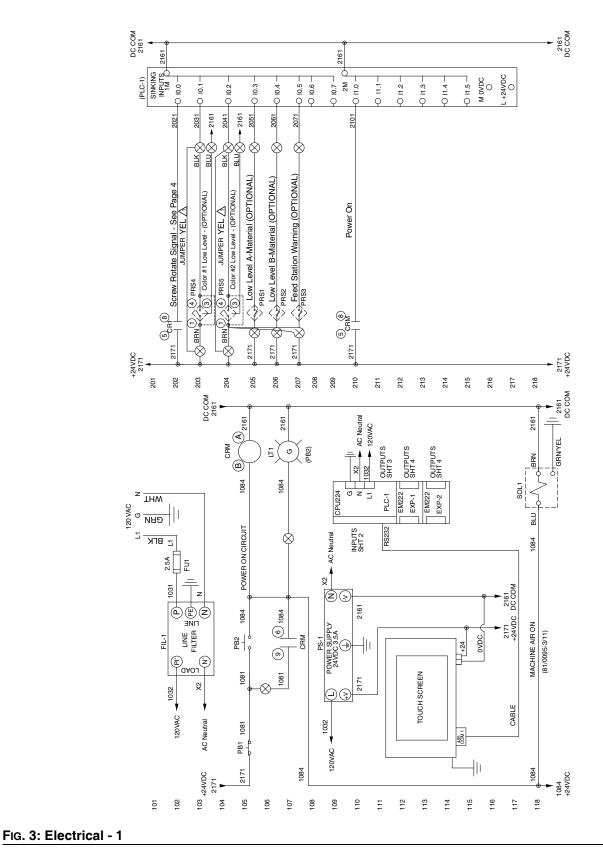
- 1. Perform **Pressure Relief Procedure** on page 42.
- 2. Press the Stop Button.
- 3. Remove air supply.
- 4. Allow the press equipment to cool.

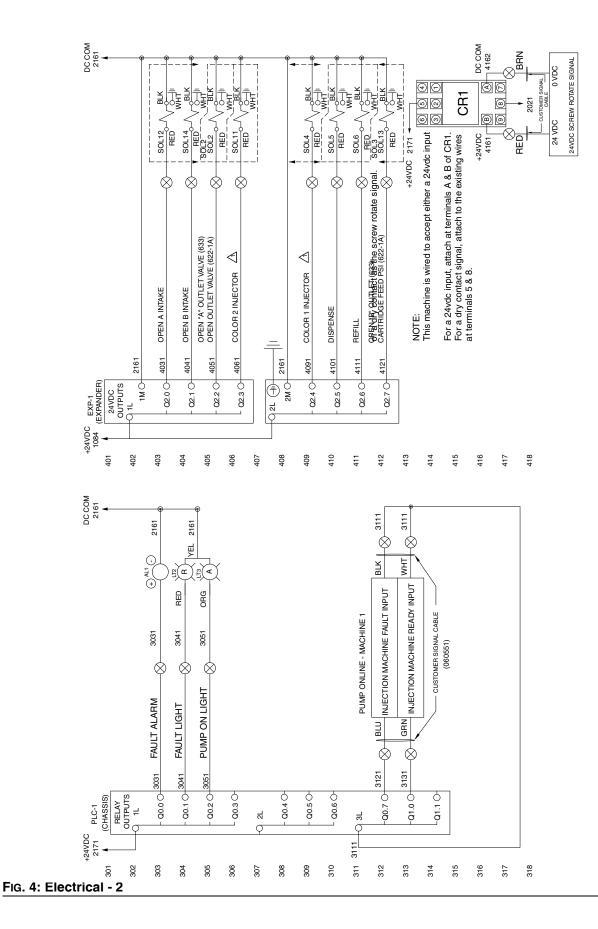
Calibrate Pressure Transducers

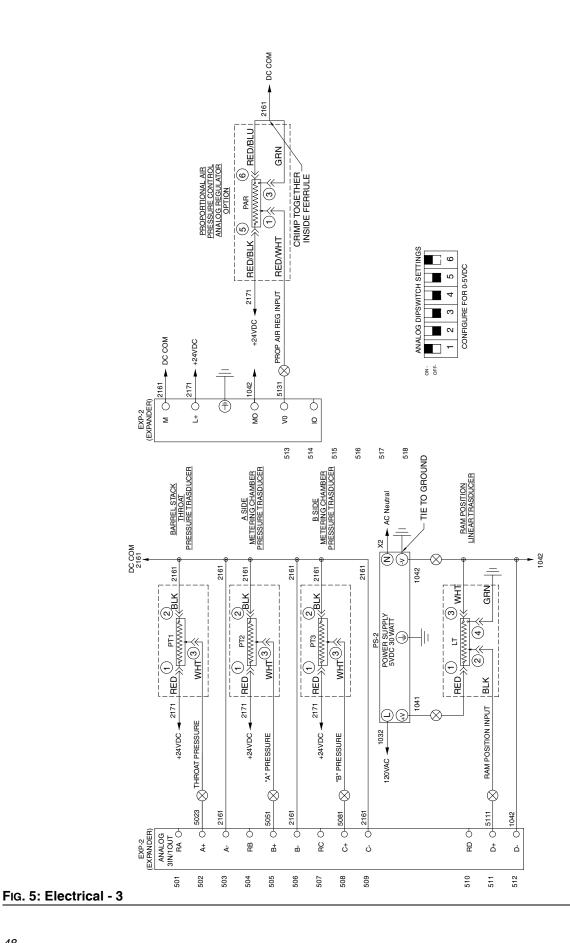
Perform this procedure when the "Actual" Value shown on the "Calibration" screen has a difference of 100 psi (7 MPa, 0.7 bar) from the value shown on the analog pressure gauge.

- 1. Perform Pressure Relief Procedure on page 42.
- 2. Navigate to the "Calibration" screen.
- 3. Set the offset to "0" on the transducer being calibrated.
- 4. Type the number displayed in the "Actual" field into the "Offset" field.

Schematics

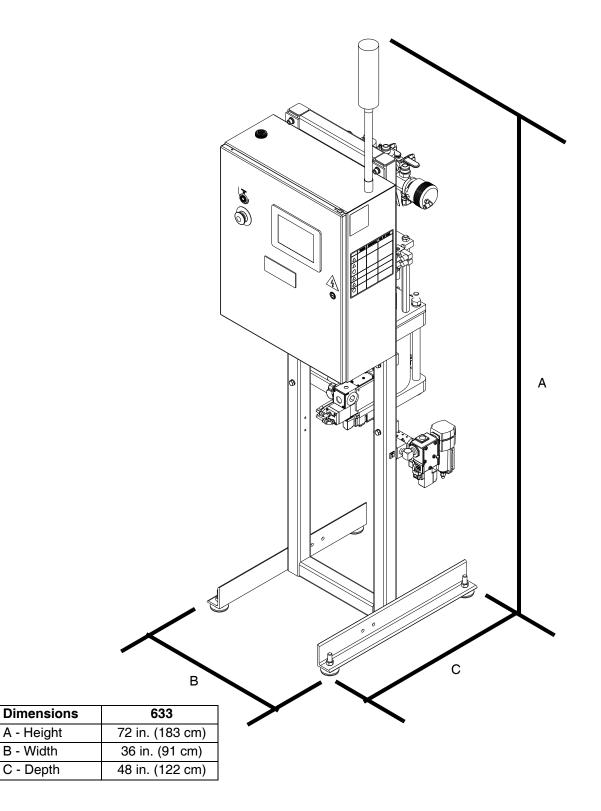




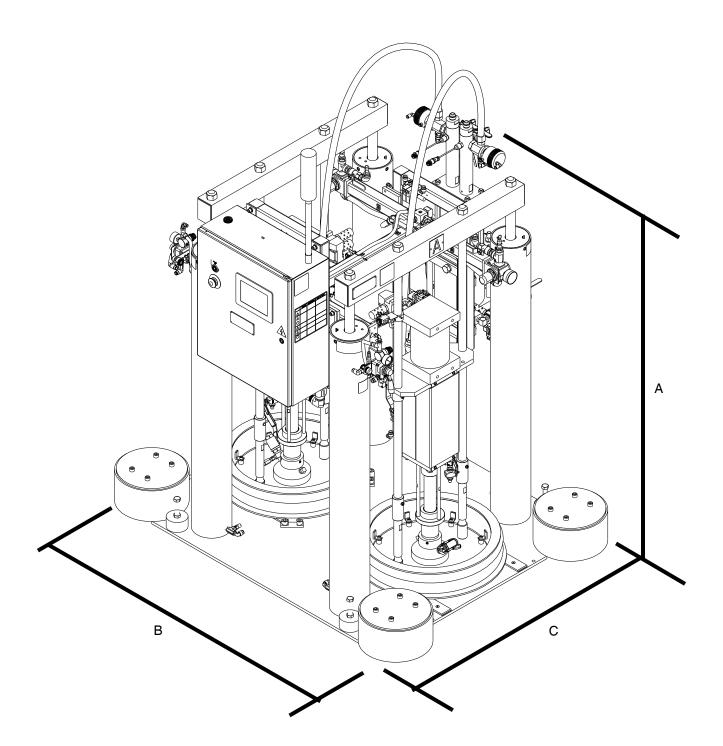


Dimensions

Model 633



Model 633-SR657-1M-LR



Dimensions	633-SR657-1M-LR		
A - Height	85 in. (216 cm)		
B - Width	64.5 in. (164 cm)		
C - Depth	49.5 in. (126 cm)		

Technical Data

633 Meter-Mix Dispense Systems						
	US	Metric				
Maximum Fluid Working Pressure	3000 psi	21 MPa, 207 bar				
Ratio		1:1				
Viscosity Range	50,000 to 3	50,000 to 3,000,000 centipoise				
Pigment Ratio Range	C	0.2% to 6%				
Power Requirements	100-120 V	100-120 VAC, 1PH, 50/60 Hz				
AMPS		2.5				
Operating Temperature	Ambient to 120°F	Ambient to 48°C				
Maximum Feed Pressure	1700 psi	11 MPa, 117 bar				
Maximum Shot Size	148 cc (7	148 cc (74 cc per cylinder)				
Colorant Tank	· ·					
Maximum Air Pressure	100 psi	0.7 MPa, 7 bar				
Ram						
Maximum Air Pressure	100 psi	0.7 MPa, 7 bar				
Air Requirements						
633	32 ft ³ /min@ 100 psi	0.9 m ³ /min @ 0.7 MPa (7 bar)				
633-SR657-1M-LR	42 ft ³ /min@ 100 psi	1.2 m ³ /min @ 0.7 MPa (7 bar)				
Materials of Construction	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Wetted materials on all models	303, 304, 316 Stainless S Carbide	303, 304, 316 Stainless Steel, Hard Chrome Carbon Steel, Carbide				
Weight						
633	545 lb	247 kg				
633-SR657-1M-LR	2600 lb	1179 kg				
Notes						

* Flow rates and viscosities are general estimates. Flow rates drop as viscosity increases. Fluids are expected to shear under pressure. New applications or fluids should always be tested to determine proper line sizes and equipment selections. See your Graco authorized distributor for other capabilities.

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